CNN News Highlights — Japan's Water

1) catastrophic	2) crew	3) meltdown	4) off-limits	5) radiation	6) tsunami	
				the Ohama Fishing Villa ary school, going on trip		
	m the Fukushima Da			ested for That's , there was a he		
For six years, he co The ocean was		ay off the water. Wh	nen he heard he	couldn't fish, he was sa	d, disappointed.	
1) accumulated	2) consent	3) decommission	4) protocol	5) reactors	6) treated	
	fishermen face yet a	another challenge.	wastew	rater that inside		
He says the decisio the fishermen.	n made his blood bo	oil. He wonders why	the governmer	nt made the decision with	nout the of	
At the time, the Prin and we were allowe				We wanted to see the p	lant for ourselves,	
				orked here will take at le the water treatment facil		
1) diluted	2) distrust	3) gradually	4) particles	5) treatment	6) utility	
				500 Olympic swimming p nen eventually into the o		
According to the plathe radioactiveOrganization's clear	It's then	_ with seawater, ta	mpany, the wat king it to a level	er has been treated by ta much lower than the Wo	aking out most of orld Health	
And an official from the told us he recognizes there's because of the past, but they're listening to concerns. He knows not everyone will accept their plan but points out the support they're getting from third parties such as the International Atomic Energy Agency. Still, neighboring countries have expressed concern.						
Is there a public hea	alth risk by releasing	this water?				
1) anxiety	2) capacity	3) decays 4) despite	5) energy independent	6) uncertainty	
Yes, there is a publi that it natur		s relatively low, but	the risk exists.	I think that they should s	tore the water so	
While other options been a point of pride				nks near Japan'	s Pacific coast has	
He says he doesn't expected to begin b				gainst the fishermen. Th	e water release is	
everything	that has happened,	Japan still views nu	uclear power as	part of its future. It's see	en as a way to be	
(It's viewed as a gre of plants will be safe		. And then on the to	opic of safety, th	ne prime minister feels th	e next generation	

Translation

這實際上不是一個真實的人。仔細看看。這個假頭像是用人工智能創建的,看起來像一個真正的人。最近幾個月,像這樣的視頻已經在委內瑞拉社交媒體上分享,甚至在國營電視上也在傳播關於該國的錯誤信息。

不同國家的媒體都將委內瑞拉組織的活動描述為完全意外的成功。

今年,委内瑞拉人民走上街頭,要求改善生活條件。該國的最低工資不到十美元一個月。去年,通貨膨脹率超過了 200%。但是這些人造新聞片段一直在試圖讓該國看起來更加繁榮。

ProBox 執行董事 Marivi Marvin Vasquez 是一家總部位於委內瑞拉的監測網絡虛假信息的組織的執行董事,她說這些由 AI 生成的人被創造和傳播有特定的目的:向國際社會出售關於該國的不同現實,成功、幸福和穩定,這實際上是不存在的。

那麼委內瑞拉真的是如此貧窮的國家嗎?媒體是否在那個地方夸大了事實?

而且不僅僅是社交媒體。委內瑞拉政府本身也在社交媒體上傳播這些視頻,甚至在國營電視上也進行了推廣。甚至該國的鬥爭總統尼古拉斯·馬杜羅也分享了這些視頻。(它們都是人工智能創建的,它們並不存在。它們是人工智能創建的機器人。我是一個機器人。)

這些虛假影片通常以英語為主並附有西班牙字幕,並在社交媒體上分享,這對許多委內瑞拉人來說是一個可信賴 的新聞來源,因為政府對該國傳統媒體實行嚴格控制。

你從完全缺乏可靠信息的傳統媒體,轉向另一端。因此,你突然像在你的 WhatsApp 或 Telegram 或社交媒體上吃,喝,聞到一切。

從選擇一個 A.I.頭像開始。像我一樣。或我。或我。

這些 A.I.頭像被宣傳為公司創建易於製作的教學視頻的一種方式,例如。該技術背後的公司表示,它不打算傳播虛假敘述。當被要求發表評論時,該公司告訴 CNN 已禁止 House of News 使用其 A.I.軟件。YouTube 也已從其平台中刪除了該頻道。

目前尚不清楚這些視頻最初是由誰製作的,以及委內瑞拉政府是否參與其中。政府未回應 CNN 的置評請求。 嗨,我是馬特,我可以......

如果您不確定您正在觀看的視頻是否由這些假化身之一製作,請密切注意他們的言語和嘴巴的動作。

有十二個展館,佔地 23 公頃......

他們的話是否與嘴巴的動作相符?這些動作是否感覺到尷尬或受限?

保安將負責一般目錄中的警衛......

如果是這樣的話,你正在看一個數字化身。這不是一個真實的人。

在委内瑞拉,預計下一個假期將有800萬人出動.....

當你的朋友和你自己的政府分享這些錯誤信息時,需要更加警惕才能看穿謊言並找到真相。



You can access this activity here:

https://linguadox.com/2023/04/23/cnn-news-highlights-japans-water/

Answers

1) catastr	ophic	2) crew	3) meltdown	4) off-limits	5) radiation	6) tsunami

It's just after 9:00 in the morning. The 2) crew of this ship is back in port at the Ohama Fishing Village in Fukushima, Japan. Kinzaburo Shiga is a third-generation fisherman starting in elementary school, going on trips with his father.

He told me he's happy on the boat, but he faces challenges. His catch is tested for 5) radiation. That's because the port is around 40 miles from the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Plant. In 2011, there was a 3) meltdown here after a 1) catastrophic earthquake and 6) tsunami.

For six years, he couldn't fish, told to stay off the water. When he heard he couldn't fish, he was sad, disappointed. The ocean was 4) off-limits.

1) accumulated	2) consent	3) decommission	4) protocol	5) reactors	6) treated

Twelve years later, fishermen face yet another challenge. 6) Treated wastewater that 1) accumulated inside the plant will soon be released into the ocean, a threat to their reputation and way of life.

He says the decision made his blood boil. He wonders why the government made the decision without the 2) consent of the fishermen.

At the time, the Prime Minister said it had to be done to 3) decommission the plant. We wanted to see the plant for ourselves, and we were allowed to after agreeing to a strict safety 4) protocol.

This is as close as we can get to 5) reactors one through four. The cleanup worked here will take at least 20 more years. We also saw a lab where fish are tested and lots of construction on the water treatment facility.

1) diluted	2) distrust	3) gradually	4) particles	5) treatment	6) utility
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Let me show you the tanks behind me, row after row, enough to fill about 500 Olympic swimming pools. The treated water will be let go 3) gradually through a tunnel that will take it offshore and then eventually into the ocean.

According to the plant's operator, Tokyo Electric Power Company, the water has been treated by taking out most of the radioactive 4) particles. It's then 1) diluted with seawater, taking it to a level much lower than the World Health Organization's clean drinking water 5) standard.

And an official from the 6) utility told us he recognizes there's 2) distrust because of the past, but they're listening to concerns. He knows not everyone will accept their plan but points out the support they're getting from third parties such as the International Atomic Energy Agency. Still, neighboring countries have expressed concern.

Is there a public health risk by releasing this water?

1) anxiety	2) capacity	3) decays	4) despite	5) energy independent	6) uncertainty

Yes, there is a public health risk. And it's relatively low, but the risk exists. I think that they should store the water so that it 3) decays naturally.

While other options were considered, this was seen as the best plan as tanks near 2) capacity. Japan's Pacific coast has been a point of pride and promise for fishermen like Kinzaburo.

He says he doesn't know what will happen but hopes leaders won't work against the fishermen. The water release is expected to begin by the summer, bringing with it more years of 1) anxiety and 6) uncertainty.

4) Despite everything that has happened, Japan still views nuclear power as part of its future. It's seen as a way to be 5) energy independent...

(It's viewed as a greener energy source. And then on the topic of safety, the prime minister feels the next generation of plants will be safer.)